

COMPUTING Pupils should be taught....	EYFS	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Yr 4	Yr 5	Yr 6
<b>Computing systems and networks</b>	Talk about technology that is used at home and in school. Operate simple equipment. Use a safe part of the Internet to play and learn.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To identify technology</li> <li>To recognise the features and uses of information technology (use of mouse and keyboard)</li> <li>To identify information technology (in the home and at school)</li> <li>To recognise choices are made when using technology</li> <li>To explain how information technology benefits us</li> <li>To show how to use technology safely</li> <li>To create rules for using technology responsibly</li> <li>To recognise how digital devices can change the way we work</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To recognise the features and uses of information technology (use of mouse and keyboard)</li> <li>To identify information technology (in the home and at school)</li> <li>To recognise choices are made when using technology</li> <li>To explain how information technology benefits us</li> <li>To show how to use technology safely</li> <li>To create rules for using technology responsibly</li> <li>To recognise how digital devices can change the way we work</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To describe what an input is</li> <li>To explain that a process acts on the inputs</li> <li>To identify input and output devices</li> <li>To explain that an output is produced by the process</li> <li>To explain that a computer system accepts an input and processes it to produce an output</li> <li>To recognise that a digital device is made of several parts</li> <li>To recognise that computers can be connected to each other</li> <li>To identify networks around me</li> <li>To explain how computer systems change the way we work</li> <li>To identify the benefits of computer networks</li> <li>To explain how information is passed through multiple connections</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To describe how networks connect to other networks</li> <li>To outline how information can be shared via the World Wide Web</li> <li>To recognise that the World Wide Web is part of the internet</li> <li>To explain that the global interconnection of networks is the internet</li> <li>To recognise the need for security on the internet</li> <li>To know how to access the World Wide Web</li> <li>To describe the types of content/media that can be added, created, and shared on the World Wide Web</li> <li>To explain how the content of the World Wide Web is created, owned, and shared by people</li> <li>To know that the internet enables us to view the World Wide Web</li> <li>To explain that the World Wide Web comprises of websites and web pages</li> <li>To describe the current limitations of World Wide Web media</li> <li>To evaluate the reliability of content and the consequences of unreliable content</li> <li>To explain the benefits of the World Wide Web</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To recognise that computers can be part of a system in an electronic device</li> <li>To understand that computers can be connected together to form systems</li> <li>To see that computers communicate with other devices (including other computers)</li> <li>To recognise input, process, and output in larger computer systems</li> <li>To recognise how information is transferred across the internet</li> <li>To recognise that data is transferred using agreed protocols (methods)</li> <li>To explain that data is transferred in packets</li> <li>To recognise that connections between computers allow us to access shared stored files</li> <li>To explain that the internet lets people in different places work together</li> <li>To explain that the internet allows different media to be shared</li> <li>To recognise that internet collaborations can be public or private</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To recall how to use a search engine</li> <li>To compare the results from different search engines</li> <li>To demonstrate that different search terms produce different results</li> <li>To explain that search terms need to be chosen carefully</li> <li>To evaluate the results of search terms</li> <li>To identify that results from search engines can include adverts, and that the adverts can be targeted</li> <li>To identify different ways to communicate without technology</li> <li>To list methods of communicating using the internet</li> <li>To choose an appropriate method of internet communication for a given purpose</li> <li>To evaluate different methods of online communication</li> <li>To explain which types of media can be shared through the internet</li> <li>To explain that communicating through the internet can be public or private</li> <li>To decide what I should/should not share</li> <li>To classify internet communication by messenger and recipient or audience</li> </ul>
<b>Creating media</b>	To move objects on a screen. To create shapes and text on a screen.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To use a computer to paint a picture (recognise options and different tools available)</li> <li>To use brush tool/s to draw shapes and lines</li> <li>To correct mistakes</li> <li>To change brush colour and size</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To recognise that some digital devices can capture images</li> <li>To know what to press to take a picture</li> <li>To know how to use a device safely</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To use a computer to create an animation</li> <li>To capture images</li> <li>To use tools to review subject position</li> <li>To play, review and edit images (add text, sound effects)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To recognise that sound can be digitally recorded</li> <li>To recognise that recorded audio is stored as a file</li> <li>To recognise that audio can be edited and altered</li> <li>To press buttons to start and stop recording</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To select shape / line / text to add to a drawing</li> <li>To drag out an object on the page</li> <li>To duplicate / select / delete an object</li> <li>To modify an object (reposition, rotate, resize, alter, recolour)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To create 3D graphical objects on a computer screen</li> <li>To alter the view of the 3D space</li> <li>To place a 3D object in a 3D space</li> <li>To select / duplicate / delete an object</li> </ul>

	<p>To use technology to show my learning.</p>	<p>Change fill colour, line size and line colour enter text into a computer (use backspace, move cursor, letter keys, number keys, backspace keys, shift for capitals, simple punctuation) Use delete and undo Change text position Use bold, underline and italic Change fonts Change text colour</p>	<p>To capture a digital image To edit (including portrait and landscape) and save an image To focus and zoom To review, edit (crop or colour) and delete images To consider that some images are not real To use a computer to create music To create music for a purpose To consider how musical sequences create different effects To review, edit and refine computer work To store, edit and retrieve work on a computer To share work between devices To print / share work</p>	<p>To export a film To recognise the relationship between frames and motion To recognise the need for consistency in working (capturing device in fixed position) To recognise the need to edit images To recognise the impact of adding other media To show that page orientation can be changed To add text to a placeholder To organise text and image placeholders in a page layout To add and remove images to and from placeholders To edit text in a placeholder To move resize and rotate images To choose fonts and apply effects to text To review a document</p>	<p>To locate recorded audio To apply effects / delete audio To save / export an audio file To recognise that digital images can be manipulated To recognise that images can be changed for different purposes To use the most appropriate tool for a particular purpose To open/retrieve an image To rotate / flip / crop an image To adjust colours, apply filters and add effects To retouch and reuse parts of an image To draw, add text, add an element</p>	<p>To group / modify / change multiple objects To locate the record function on a device To hold the device safely To pan up and down To focus, zoom and compose To use techniques to create specific effects To locate video recorded on a device and play back To select part of a video To apply effects to a section of a video To delete a section of video To save and export a video file</p>	<p>To reposition objects in three dimensions To rotate objects in three dimensions To resize an object in three dimensions To recolour an object To use an object as a placeholder To recognise that blank objects must be used as placeholders to create holes To recognise the role of scale in design To select multiple objects To create a web page To add text to a web page To add images to a web page To add other content To preview a page (different screen sizes) To add additional pages To insert hyperlinks between pages To insert hyperlinks to another site To embed content</p>
<b>Programmin g</b>	<p>To make a floor robot move. To use simple software to make something happen. To make choices about the buttons and icons I press, touch or click on.</p>	<p>To predict the outcome of a command on a device To list commands that can be given to a device To explain what a command does To match a command to an outcome To recognise how to run a command To choose a command for a given purpose To choose a series of words that can be enacted as a command To build a sequence of commands in steps</p>	<p>To choose a series of words that can be enacted as a sequence To explain what happens when a series of instructions are changed To choose a series of commands that can be run as a program To make predictions about a sequence To test a prediction by running a sequence To debug a sequence within a program To run a program on a device</p>	<p>To explain that a program has a start To identify that a program includes sequences of commands To build a sequence of commands To combine commands in a program To order commands in a program To explain that the order of commands can affect the outcome (same commands, different order -&gt; same or different outcome)</p>	<p>To relate what 'repeat' means To list an everyday task as a set of instructions including repetition To identify a loop within a program To explain that an indefinite loop will run until the program is stopped To identify patterns in a sequence, eg 'step 3 times' means the same as 'step, step, step' To use an indefinite loop to produce a given outcome To use a count-controlled loop to produce a given outcome</p>	<p>To define that conditional statements are used in computer programs To relate that a conditional statement connects a condition to an outcome To outline that a condition is something that can be either true or false To explain that instructions in a program will produce specific outcomes To relate that a count-controlled loop contains a condition To experiment with a 'repeat until' loop To explain that program flow can branch according to a condition</p>	<p>o experiment with the value of an existing variable To choose a name that identifies the role of a variable to make it more usable (to humans) To decide where in a program to set a variable To update a variable with a user input To use an event in a program to update a variable To use a variable in a conditional statement to control the flow of a program To use the same variable in more than one location in a program</p>

		<p>To combine commands in a program</p> <p>To run a program on a device</p>		<p>To create a sequence of commands to produce a given outcome</p>	<p>To plan a program that includes appropriate loops to produce a given outcome</p> <p>To recognise tools that enable more than one process to be run at the same time (concurrency)</p> <p>To create two or more sequences that run at the same time</p>	<p>To use a condition in an 'if... then...' statement to produce a given outcome</p> <p>To show that a condition can switch program flow in one of two ways</p> <p>To conclude that a loop can be used to repeatedly check whether a condition has been met</p> <p>To use a condition in an 'if... then... else...' statement to produce given outcomes</p>	
<b>Data and information</b>	<p>To talk about different kinds of information such as pictures, video, text and sound.</p>	<p>To identify attributes of an object</p> <p>To collect simple data</p> <p>To add data to a table or simple graph</p> <p>To show that collected data can be counted</p> <p>To describe the properties of an object</p> <p>To group objects to answer questions</p> <p>To recognise that information can be presented in different ways</p>	<p>To enter data on a computer</p> <p>Use a computer to view data in different formats</p> <p>To use a computer to answer comparison questions</p> <p>To use a computer program to present data in different ways</p> <p>To give examples of why some information shouldn't be shared</p>	<p>To retrieve information from different levels of the branching database</p> <p>To create questions with yes/no answers</p>	<p>To suggest questions that can be answered using a given data set</p> <p>To identify the data that we need to answer questions</p> <p>To identify that sensors are input devices</p> <p>To use a digital device to collect data automatically</p> <p>To recognise that a sensor can be used as an input device for data collection</p> <p>To choose how often to automatically collect data samples</p> <p>To explain that a data logger captures 'data points' from sensors over time</p> <p>To use a larger data set to find information</p> <p>To use a computer program to sort data by one attribute</p> <p>To present data in a table</p> <p>To present data in a graph</p>	<p>To navigate a flat-file database</p> <p>To design a structure for a flat-file database</p> <p>To choose different ways to view data</p> <p>To ask questions that need more than one attribute to answer</p> <p>To choose which attribute to sort data by to answer a given question</p> <p>To choose which attribute and value to search by to answer a given question (operands)</p> <p>To choose multiple criteria to search data to answer a given question (AND and OR)</p> <p>To select an appropriate graph to visually compare data</p> <p>To choose suitable ways to present information to other people</p>	<p>To explain that objects/artifacts can be described using data</p> <p>To propose simple, relevant questions that can be answered using data</p> <p>To explain that computers deal with different data types in different ways</p> <p>To outline that there are different software tools to work with data</p> <p>To explain that formulas can be used to produce calculated data</p> <p>To recognise that data can be calculated using different operations</p> <p>To recognise that changing inputs also changes outputs</p> <p>o apply formulas to data, including duplication</p> <p>To choose suitable ways to represent data</p>